

Name <sup>.</sup>	Date·
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## Megafauna

1.	What	does	the	prefix	"mega"	mean?
		4000		P: 0::/\	c	

☐ Extremely good

Extremely scary

☐ Extremely big

2. What are some other "mega" words?







3. Number these events in the correct historical order, 1-7.

☐ Birds, reptiles, and mammals evolved to get bigger and fill a gap in the ecosystem.

☐ The Ice Age ended, and the Earth warmed.

Dinosaurs went extinct.

An asteroid hit the Earth; volcanic eruptions caused changes to the Earth's climate.

☐ Dinosaurs ruled the Earth!

☐ There was a lack of large animals on land.

☐ There was no longer enough water to keep megafauna animals alive.





Literal: 1,3 Inferential: 2 Connection: 4,5 Critical thinking: 5



☐ Th ☐ Bli	ree blind nd three ı	mice	·					
Question	ı 4 was ea	sy! That's	because I	English ha	s rules ab	out adjec	tive order:	
Quantity	Opinion	Size	Physical Quality	Shape	Age	Colour	Nationality	Material
four some many no	bad terrible terrific fun	small short enormous tall	rough blind bumpy smooth	round straight rectangular diamond	young ancient 5-year-old new	green teal golden brown	Greek American Aboriginal Samoan	wooden plastic glass metal
5. Describe these Australian megafauna using at least three adjectives for each animal. Make sure you put the adjectives in the correct order!  Diprotodon was a								
mammal.								
Megalania (below) went extinct from  Australia more than 50,000 years ago.  Diprotodon (above): the biggest mars to ever walk the Earth.						marsupial		
Megalania was a								
			A M					reptile.
Whale sharks (below) ge up to 10 metres long.								
This whale shark is a								

creature.

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